





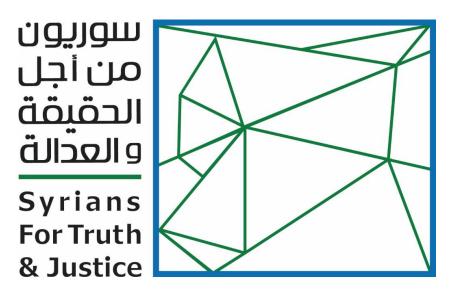
Another Agreement Concludes to Move ISIS Elements to the North Countryside of al-Sweida in Exchange for the Release of the Kidnapped The Agreement Has Yet to be Complemented as the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa) Carried out Mass Execution Against ISIS elements on July 31, 2018



About Syrians for Truth and Justice

<u>Syrians for Truth and Justice (STJ)</u> is an independent, non-governmental and non-profit organization whose members include Syrian human rights defenders, advocates and academics of different backgrounds and nationalities. It also includes members of other nationalities.

The initiative strives for SYRIA, where all Syrian citizens (males and females) have dignity, equality, justice and equal human rights.





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Recently, the Syrian regular forces has reached a deal with the organization that calls itself the Islamic State, also known as ISIS, providing that elements of ISIS would be moved from Hawd al-Yarmouk area (basin), located in Daraa, to the east countryside of al-Sweida province in exchange for several things, notably the release of the persons kidnapped of the Druze sect by ISIS during the last military operations carried out by the Islamic State against al-Sweida¹ province on July 25, 2018. In addition the Syrian regular forces, under the deal, would be able to capture the whole Daraa province with the help of what they called the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa²). However, the implementing of the deal halted as the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa) carried out mass executions against elements of ISIS.

Slam Azzam³, the local activist, who resides in al-Sweida, said in an interview with STJ that elements of ISIS who are near the east countryside of al-Sweida province demanded negotiation with the Syrian regular forces concerning to let move their besieged elements in Hawd al-Yarmouk (basin) in Daraa in addition to the release of 100 detainees from ISIS elements, being men or women, by the Syrian regular forces in exchange for the release of the civilians kidnapped by ISIS from al-Sweida province during their offensives on July 25, 2018. The Syrian regular forces agreed on the demands.

Estimated 1200 to 1500 elements of ISIS were encircled in Hawd al-Yarmouk (basin), 300 of them were killed, according to Azzam quoting sources in the region. The ISIS elements whom were moved from Hawd al-Yarmouk (basin) to areas inside al-Sweida are estimated to be 700 elements along with their weapons and families. The activist added,

"the agreement started to be implemented, and actually 700 elements of ISIS, along with their weapons and families, were moved from Hawd al-Yarmouk (basin) to Masaken <u>Jalin</u> and the Sharika Libiya in Daraa province. After that, they were moved on batches, over Friday and Saturday July 28 and 29, 2018, in total secret to Hawsh Hamad area located in al-Lajat area adjacent to the north and west countryside of the ISIS-held Diyat area, which is east of al-Sweida. But the deal halted and the rest of the elements were not moved nor the abductees residents from al-Sweida were released because the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa) executed about 48 elements of ISIS who had surrendered in Hawd al-Yarmouk (basin) to be moved under the deal.

Regarding the executions, Mohammed al-Share', a member in the office documenting the martyrs (Martyrs of Daraa), in an interview with STJ on August 1, 2018, said that elements of ISIS surrendered to the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa) stationed in towns of <u>Tafas</u> and <u>Hayt</u> and then were moved to detention facilities inside both towns. The activist confirmed that

¹ For more information on the incidents, please read the report released by STJ on July 30, 2018, entitled "21 Women and Children Kidnapped, Toll Victims of Bloody Attacks Rise in al-Sweida" on the following link: <u>https://stj-sy.com/en/view/650</u>

² The Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa) are members of the opposition factions who conducted "reconciliation" with the Syrian regular forces under an agreement between both sides to end the hostilities in Daraa province. It contains hundreds of elements from "Liwaa Ahrar Tafas, Mu'taz Billah Army, Alwiyat Qasioun, Jaysh al-Thawra, the Headquarter Operation of "Watasimo", al-Harrah Military Council, Tasil Military Council, Swords of Truth Room, Liwa Ahrar Qita, Manifest Victory Operations room, and other factions from the east of the province."

³ An alias of an activist who withheld to disclose his identity for security reasons.



there had been civilians among the detainees but their precise identity and number are unknown.

"this is the first direct extrajudicial execution. Both ISIS and the opposition factions had already mutilated the bodies of the dead and had executed the captives, but this is the first direct operation in mass numbers. Jaysh al-Thawra, who recently joined the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa) implemented the execution and shot more than 25 detainees of ISIS. We believe there are civilians among those executed and we are trying to know their identities and number. The execution took place in Hayt Valley after the captives were transferred from the detention facilities within the town." The activist said quoting sources in the area.

There are about 55 elements of ISIS present in Hawd al-Yarmouk (basin) following the deal reached between the Syrian regular forces and ISIS to move about 1500 elements. Besides, estimated 1500 civilians are besieged in Koya Valley, according to al-Share'.



An image of one of the captives before and after the summary execution by the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa) in Hayt Valley on July 31, 2018. Photo credit: the activist Mohammed al-Share'.

STJ's field researcher said it very difficult to verify the presence of civilians among the captives who were executed, but it is certain that no women or children were among the captives executed by the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa). He noted that the Reserve Forces loyal to the Syrian regular forces in the campaign against Hawd al-Yarmouk (basin) are fighters who belong to Jaysh al-Thawra, Tasil Military Council, and fighters from Hayt town.





An image of one of the captives before and after the summary execution by the Reserve Forces (al-Quwat al-Radifa) on July 31, 2018. Photo credit: the activist Mohammed al-Share'.

On the other hand, Azzam, the activist said the Syrian regular forces sent military reinforcement to the east countryside of al-Sweida after moving ISIS elements under the deal. 300 fighters from the 15th Special Forces Division in addition to 8 tanks were spotted brought to the east countryside. ISIS was monitored moving in the south countryside and carried out an offensive against the Khalkhala Military Airport in the north countryside on August 1, 2018, which resulted in the death of 8 elements of the Syrian regular forces. ISIS-run Amaq News Agency reported the death of 45 of its fighters due to the operation.

وكالـة أعمـاق: مقتـل نحـو 45 مـن قـوات النظــام بهجــوم مقاتلــي الدولــة الإســلامية على مطــار خلخلــة شــمال 01/08/2018 عاجل السويدء

An image of an announcement showing the outcome of the military operation launched by the Islamic State against al-Sweida province, published by Amaq News Agency loyal to ISIS.

The Islamic State, also known as ISIS, had launched <u>bloody attacks</u> on different parts of al-Sweida province resulting in the killing on injuries of dozens of civilians on July 25, 2018. The attacks coincided with <u>kidnapping</u> of at least 22 women and children, in addition to <u>the carrying</u> <u>out of extrajudicial execution</u> against two civilians from the Druze sect. STJ published detailed reports and testimonies on all these incidents.